# GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
# HOME AFFAIRS
# LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:29
ANSWERED ON:01.03.2005
LAW AND ORDER SITUATION IN DELHI
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**Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:**

(a) whether the crime graph of Delhi has registered an increase during 2004 and thereafter, as compared to previous year;

(b) if so, the details of the comparative figures of various crimes registered and reported in Delhi during such period;

(c) whether the Government has made any study to find out the factors responsible for the rising trend of crimes in Delhi;

(d) if so, the details in this regard; and

(e) the steps taken/being taken by the Government to make Delhi crime free?

## Answer

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MANIKRAO HODLYA GAVIT)

(a) & (b): There was an increase of 13.7% in the IPC crime in Delhi in 2004 as compared to the year 2003 and an increase of 16.45% in January, 2005 as compared to January, 2004. While there is increase in some crimes, there is decline in some others. The comparative figures of crime during the years 2003 and 2004 as well as during January, 2005 are indicated below:

| Crime Head | 2003 | 2004 | 2004 (upto 31st January) | 2005 (upto 31st January) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Heinous Crime | | | | |
| Dacoity | 28 | 30 | - | 02 |
| Murder | 485 | 481 | 41 | 29 |
| Attempt to Murder | 407 | 519 | 29 | 29 |
| Robbery | 441 | 461 | 53 | 41 |
| Riot | 80 | 67 | 03 | 05 |
| Kidnapping for ransom | 29 | 28 | 01 | 02 |
| Rape | 490 | 551 | 35 | 38 |
| Non-Heinous Crime | | | | |
| Snatching | 532 | 775 | 18 | 40 |
| Hunt | 1708 | 1780 | 106 | 110 |
| Burglary | 1898 | 1875 | 189 | 164 |
| Total Theft | 15544 | 18994 | 1426 | 1401 |
| Other IPc | 24019 | 26127 | 1849 | 2173 |
| Local/Special Laws | 21910 | 25136 | 1842 | 2478 |
| Total | 67571 | 76827 | 5592 | 6512 |

(c) & (d): Analysis of crimes is done from time to time. Rapid urbanization; ;unemployment; creating an atmosphere of confidence among the people to come forward and register crimes are some of the factors.

(e): The steps taken to check crime in Delhi include improvement in the beat system of patrolling; identification of Police Stations with high rate of crime and provision of additional manpower and motorcycle patrols to such Police Stations; rationalizing the timing for patrolling to maximize its effectiveness; development of intelligence about the movement of desperate criminals; multi-tasking of

Police Control Room Vans; establishment of Crime against Women Cell; setting up of Rape Crises Intervention Centres in all the nine Police Districts, association of women police officers in investigation of rape cases; constitution of three Special Courts headed by women judges, networking of Non-Governmental Organisations; deployment of staff in plain cloth at vulnerable places; starting of dedicated Telephone `Women Helpline` in the Police Control Room, constitution of `Women Mobile Team` to attend to distress calls from women on round-the-clock basis; setting up of `Senior Citizens Security Cell` at the Police headquarters; renewed emphasis on verification of antecedents of domestic servants; and closer interaction with the Residents Welfare Association.